STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY

Environment department,
Room No. 217, 2nd floor,
Mantralaya, Annexe,
Mumbai- 400 032.
Date:April 23, 2019

To,
Goel Eisha Capitals
at S. No. 60/1/2

Subject: Environment Clearance for Application for environmental clearance for Expansion of Ganga Platino project by Goel Eisha Capitals

Sir,

This has reference to your communication on the above mentioned subject. The proposal was considered as per the EIA Notification - 2006, by the State Level Expert Appraisal Committee-III, Maharashtra in its 81st meeting and recommend the project for prior environmental clearance to SEIAA. Information submitted by you has been considered by State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority in its 164th meetings.

2. It is noted that the proposal is considered by SEAC-III under screening category 8 (a) as per EIA Notification 2006.

Brief Information of the project submitted by you is as below :-

1.Name of Project	Ganga Platino
2.Type of institution	Private
3.Name of Project Proponent	Goel Eisha Capitals
4.Name of Consultant	Pollution and Ecology Control Services
5.Type of project	Housing project
6.New project/expansion in existing project/modernization/diversification in existing project	Expansion
7.If expansion/diversification, whether environmental clearance has been obtained for existing project	Previous EC vide no. 21-209/2007-IA.III and re validation letter dated 18 May 2013
8.Location of the project	S. No. 60/1/2
9.Taluka	Haveli
10.Village	Kharadi
Correspondence Name:	Swaran sigh Sohal
Room Number:	0
Floor:	6th
Building Name:	San Mahu complex
Road/Street Name:	Bund Garden Road
Locality:	Camp
City:	Pune
11.Whether in Corporation / Municipal / other area	PMC
12.IOD/IOA/Concession/Plan Approval Number	In process
	IOD/IOA/Concession/Plan Approval Number: In Process
	Approved Built-up Area:

13.Note on the initiated work (If applicable)	Total constructed work (FSI+ Non FSI): FSI: 18513.72 sqm; Non FSI: 35701.11 Total BUA: 54214.83 sqm as per previous EC and sanction vide no. CC/0166/2014 dated 21/04/2014
14.LOI / NOC / IOD from MHADA/ Other approvals (If applicable)	Not applicable
15.Total Plot Area (sq. m.)	39000
16.Deductions	21516.35
17.Net Plot area	17483.65
18 (a).Proposed Built-up Area (FSI & Non-FSI)	**FSI area (sq. m.):** FSI: 46845.24 sqm (Existing: 18513.72 + Proposed : 28331.52)
	Non FSI area (sq. m.): Non FSI: 49611.73 sqm (Existing 35701.96 + Proposed 13910.62)
	Total BUA area (sq. m.): 96458
18 (b).Approved Built up area as per DCR	**Approved FSI area (sq. m.):** 37131.11
	Approved Non FSI area (sq. m.): 9551.7
	Date of Approval: 30-01-2018
19.Total ground coverage (m2)	10644
20.Ground-coverage Percentage (%) (Note: Percentage of plot not open to sky)	27.29 %
21.Estimated cost of the project	2290000000

22.Production Details

Serial Number	Product	Existing (MT/M)	Proposed (MT/M)	Total (MT/M)
1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

23.Total Water Requirement

Dry season:	**Source of water**	PMC
	Fresh water (CMD):	247
	Recycled water - Flushing (CMD):	132
	Recycled water - Gardening (CMD):	10
	Swimming pool make up (Cum):	3000 lit
	Total Water Requirement (CMD) :	388
	Fire fighting - Underground water tank(CMD):	300
	Fire fighting - Overhead water tank(CMD):	25000 lit /building
	Excess treated water	198
Wet season:	**Source of water**	PMC
	Fresh water (CMD):	247
	Recycled water - Flushing (CMD):	132
	Recycled water - Gardening (CMD):	0
	Swimming pool make up (Cum):	3000 lit
	Total Water Requirement (CMD) :	378
	Fire fighting - Underground water tank(CMD):	300
	Fire fighting - Overhead water tank(CMD):	25000 lit /building
	Excess treated water	208
Details of Swimming pool (If any)	Main Pool Size: 20 m X 15.2 m X 1.20 m. 332 cum Kids pool : 6 m X 10.96 m X 0.6 m 39.45 cum Total water Requirement: 372 cum Water requirement for make up: 3000 lits per day Details of Plant & Machinery used for treatment of Swimming pool water: The filtration system comprises of skimmers, floor drains, hair and lint strainers, pump, multi-port valve, high rate sand filter and floor inlets Disinfection: 1. Chlorine Daily basis 2. Alum Once a fortnight 3. Soda Ash/Acid Once in a while to correct the pH if required	

24.Details of Total water consumed

Particulars	Consumption (CMD)			Loss (CMD)			Effluent (CMD)		
Water Requirement	Existing	Proposed	Total	Existing	Proposed	Total	Existing	Proposed	Total
Domestic	103	144	247	10	14	24	93	130	223
Gardening	Not applicable	10	10	NA	10	10	NA	0	0

25.Rain Water Harvesting (RWH)	**Level of the Ground water table:**	7 m - 8 m BGL
	Size and no of RWH tank(s) and Quantity:	NA
	Location of the RWH tank(s):	NA
	Quantity of recharge pits:	6 recharge bore with diameter 160 mm and depth 18-20 m
	Size of recharge pits :	1.5 m X 1.5 m X 3.0 m
	Budgetary allocation (Capital cost) :	1200000/-
	Budgetary allocation (O & M cost) :	35000/-pa
	Details of UGT tanks if any :	Domestic UG tank Capacity: 396 KL Treated Water UG tank Capacity: 213 KL Fire UG tank Capacity: 300 KL
26.Storm water drainage	**Natural water drainage pattern:**	As per contour
	Quantity of storm water:	693.22 m3/hr
	Size of SWD:	400 mm to 600 mm
27.Sewage and Waste water	**Sewage generation in KLD:**	340
	STP technology:	MBBR
	Capacity of STP (CMD):	345 KLD (1)
	Location & area of the STP:	As per layout and area 185.62 sqm
	Budgetary allocation (Capital cost):	87,25,000
	Budgetary allocation (O & M cost):	28,800,000/- p.a

28.Solid waste Management

Waste generation in the Pre Construction and Construction phase:	**Waste generation:**	1% of total raw material
	Disposal of the construction waste debris:	Back filling on same site and top soil for landscape
Waste generation in the operation Phase:	**Dry waste:**	571 kg/day [existing 275 + proposed 296]
	Wet waste:	790 kg/day [existing 346 + proposed 444]
	Hazardous waste:	NA
	Biomedical waste (If applicable):	NA
	STP Sludge (Dry sludge):	129 Kg/day
	Others if any:	E waste : 550 kg/year
Mode of Disposal of waste:	**Dry waste:**	Through authorized vendor
	Wet waste:	Mechanical composter unit
	Hazardous waste:	NA
	Biomedical waste (If applicable):	NA
	STP Sludge (Dry sludge):	Oragnic waste composting machine
	Others if any:	E waste: Trough authrized vedor
Area requirement:	**Location(s):**	As per layout
	Area for the storage of waste & other material:	33
	Area for machinery:	15
Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O&M cost):	**Capital cost:**	41.35 lakhs /-
	O & M cost:	1.80 lakhs /-p.a.

29.Effluent Charecterestics

Serial Number	Parameters	Unit	Inlet Effluent Charecterestics	Outlet Effluent Charecterestics	Effluent discharge standards (MPCB)
1	pH	Not applicable	7 - 8.5	6.5 - 7.5	Not applicable
2	TSS	mg/l	200 -300	<5	Not exceed 50 mg/l
3	Oil and grease	mg/l	10	<5	Not applicable
4	BOD	mg/l	200 -300	<10	Not exceed 10 mg/l
5	COD	mg/l	350 -400	<30	Not exceed 100 mg/l
6	TDS	mg/l	--	<1000	Not applicable
7	Total Nitrogen	mg/l	40 -50	< or equal to 10	Not applicable
8	Ammonical nitrogen	mg/l	--	< or equal to 1	Not applicable
9	Phosphate	mg/l	5 -7	< or equal to 2	Not applicable
10	Coliforms	MPN/100 ml	1000000	Nil	Not applicable

Amount of effluent generation (CMD):	Not applicable
Capacity of the ETP:	Not applicable
Amount of treated effluent recycled :	Not applicable
Amount of water send to the CETP:	Not applicable
Membership of CETP (if require):	Not applicable
Note on ETP technology to be used	Not applicable
Disposal of the ETP sludge	Not applicable

30.Hazardous Waste Details

Serial Number	Description	Cat	UOM	Existing	Proposed	Total	Method of Disposal
1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

31.Stacks emission Details

Serial Number	Section & units	Fuel Used with Quantity	Stack No.	Height from ground level (m)	Internal diameter (m)	Temp. of Exhaust Gases
1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

32.Details of Fuel to be used

Serial Number	Type of Fuel	Existing	Proposed	Total
1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
33.Source of Fuel		Not applicable		
34.Mode of Transportation of fuel to site		Not applicable		

35.Energy

Power requirement:	**Source of power supply :**	MSEDCL
	During Construction Phase: (Demand Load)	33 KW
	DG set as Power back-up during construction phase	50 KVA
	During Operation phase (Connected load):	4642.85 KW
	During Operation phase (Demand load):	2265. 35 kVA
	Transformer:	630Kva x 4 Nos
	DG set as Power back-up during operation phase:	600 KVA x 1 no. + 500 KVA x 3nos. + 400 KVA x 2 nos.+200 KVA x 1nos.
	Fuel used:	Diesel
	Details of high tension line passing through the plot if any:	NA

Energy saving by non-conventional method:

1. Timers and contactors will be used to switch on / off common are & external landscape and facade lighting.
2. LED/T5/CFL fittings will be used for corridors ,Lobbies and common areas.
3. Energy efficient LED/T5/CFL lamps which give approx. 30% more light output for the same watts consumed and therefore require less nos. Of fixtures and corresponding lower point wiring costs.
4. All cables will be derated to avoid heating during use. This also indirectly reduces losses and improves reliability. To achieve the same we have considered current carrying capacity of all the cables laid through ground/air whichever is minimum.
5. 25 Ltrs Solar water is provided for each flat .
6. Solar PV panel system is proposed for Street lighting & Building common load.

36.Detail calculations & % of saving:

Serial Number	Energy Conservation Measures	Saving %
1	Solar water heater	16 %
2	Common Lighting (LED/T5/CFL)	53 %

37.Details of pollution control Systems

Source	Existing pollution control system	Proposed to be installed
Water	STP	NA
Noise due to DG set	Acoustic enclouser	Acoustic enclouser
Solid waste management	NA	OWC

Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O&M cost):	**Capital cost:**	30.08 lakhs/-
	O & M cost:	2.00 lakhs pa

38.Environmental Management plan Budgetary Allocation

a) Construction phase (with Break-up):

Serial Number	Attributes	Parameter	Total Cost per annum (Rs. In Lacs)
1	Erosion control	Dust suppression measures and barricading	2
2	Site safety	Net, PEE for labours, Sign boards	3
3	Site sanitation	Mobile toilets and solid waste management	1.5
4	Disinfection and health check up	medical camp	2.0
5	Environmental monitoring	Air, noise monitoring and water and soil analysis	1

b) Operation Phase (with Break-up):

Serial Number	Component	Description	Capital cost Rs. In Lacs	Operational and Maintenance cost (Rs. in Lacs/yr)
1	STP	MBBR technology (2), construction and electrical, manpower cost	87.25	28.8
2	Rain water harvesting	pits with bore and internal piping	12	0.35

3	Storm water networking	Piping upto final disposal	30	3.0
4	Solid waste managemement	Machine	41.00	1.80
5	Landscape	tree plantation	30.91	1.55
6	Energy	Solar water heater, PV cell and LED/T5/CFL	30.08	2.00
7	Environmental monitoring	Air, noisemonitoring and water soil analysis	0	1.6
8	Safety and training	Fire fighting training	9	0
9	Water supply in case of shortage of water	Water tanker	0	15

39.Storage of chemicals (inflamable/explosive/hazardous/toxic substances)

Description	Status	Location	Storage Capacity in MT	Maximum Quantity of Storage at any point of time in MT	Consumption / Month in MT	Source of Supply	Means of transportation
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

40.Any Other Information

No Information Available

	CRZ/ RRZ clearance obtain, if any:	NA
	Distance from Protected Areas / Critically Polluted areas / Eco-sensitive areas/ inter-State boundaries	NA
	Category as per schedule of EIA Notification sheet	8 (a)
	Court cases pending if any	NA
	Other Relevant Informations	NA
	Have you previously submitted Application online on MOEF Website.	Yes
	Date of online submission	22-12-2016

3. The proposal has been considered by SEIAA in its 164th meeting & decided to accord environmental clearance to the said project under the provisions of Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 subject to implementation of the following terms and conditions:

Specific Conditions:

I	Nil.
II	PP Shall comply with Standard EC conditions mentioned in the Office Memorandum issued by MoEF & CC vide F.No.22-34/2018-IA.III dt.04.01.2019.
III	PP to submit CER plan to Municipal Commissioner, and submit the Acknowledgement copy to submit to Member Secretary, SEIAA.
IV	SEIAA decided to grant EC for: FSI: 46845.24 m2, Non FSI: 49611.73 m2 & Total BUA96458m2. (IOD no. DPO/CC/4038/18 Approval Date- 26.03.2019)

General Conditions:

I	E-waste shall bedisposed through Authorized vendor as per E-waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2016.
II	The Occupancy Certificate shall be issued by the Local Planning Authority to the project only after ensuring sustained availability of drinking water, connectivity of sewer line to the project site and proper disposal of treated water as per environmental norms.
III	This environmental clearance is issued subject to obtaining NOC from Forestry & Wild life angle including clearance from the standing committee of the National Board for Wild life as if applicable & this environment clearance does not necessarily implies that Forestry & Wild life clearance granted to the project which will be considered separately on merit.
IV	PP has to abide by the conditions stipulated by SEAC& SEIAA.
V	The height, Construction built up area of proposed construction shall be in accordance with the existing FSI/FAR norms of the urban local body & it should ensure the same along with survey number before approving layout plan & before according commencement certificate to proposed work. Plan approving authority should also ensure the zoning permissibility for the proposed project as per the approved development plan of the area.
VI	If applicable Consent for Establishment" shall be obtained from Maharashtra Pollution Control Board under Air and Water Act and a copy shall be submitted to the Environment department before start of any construction work at the site.
VII	All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting construction activities and to be maintained throughout the construction phase.
VIII	Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities should be provided for construction workers at the site. Provision should be made for mobile toilets. The safe disposal of wastewater and solid wastes generated during the construction phase should be ensured.

IX	The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. dry/inert solid waste should be disposed off to the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material.
X	Disposal of muck during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
XI	Arrangement shall be made that waste water and storm water do not get mixed.
XII	All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture / landscape development within the project site.
XIII	Additional soil for leveling of the proposed site shall be generated within the sites (to the extent possible) so that natural drainage system of the area is protected and improved.
XIV	Green Belt Development shall be carried out considering CPCB guidelines including selection of plant species and in consultation with the local DFO/ Agriculture Dept.
XV	Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that there is no threat to ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.
XVI	Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses and the dumpsites for such material must be secured so that they should not leach into the ground water.
XVII	Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase should be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board.
XVIII	The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase should be low sulphur diesel type and should conform to Environments (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
XIX	The diesel required for operating DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if required, clearance from concern authority shall be taken.
XX	Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and should be operated only during non-peak hours.
XXI	Ambient noise levels should conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures should be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/MPCB.
XXII	Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly Ash Notification of September 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003. (The above condition is applicable only if the project site is located within the 100Km of Thermal Power Stations).
XXIII	Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
XXIV	Storm water control and its re-use as per CGWB and BIS standards for various applications.
XXV	Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
XXVI	The ground water level and its quality should be monitored regularly in consultation with Ground Water Authority.
XXVII	The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) should be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard should be submitted to the MPCB and Environment department before the project is commissioned for operation. Discharge of this unused treated affluent, if any should be discharge in the sewer line.Treated effluent emanating from STP shall be recycled/refused to the maximum extent possible. Discharge of this unused treated affluent, if any should be discharge in the sewer line.Treatment of 100% gray water by decentralized treatment should be done. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
XXVIII	Permission to draw ground water and construction of basement if any shall be obtained from the competent Authority prior to construction/operation of the project.
XXIX	Separation of gray and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing line for separation of gray and black water.
XXX	Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use of aerators or pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.
XXXI	Use of glass may be reduced up to 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load on air conditioning. If necessary, use high quality double glass with special reflective coating in windows.
XXXII	Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.

XXXIII	Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs /TFLs for the lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Use CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination. Use of solar panels may be done to the extent possible like installing solar street lights, common solar water heaters system. Project proponent should install, after checking feasibility, solar plus hybrid non-conventional energy source as source of energy.
XXXIV	Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power for elevators and common area illumination during operation phase should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with Maharashtra Pollution Control Board.
XXXV	Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards. During nighttime the noise levels measured at the boundary of the building shall be restricted to the permissible levels to comply with the prevalent regulations.
XXXVI	Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.
XXXVII	Opaque wall should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code, which is proposed to be mandatory for all air-conditioned spaces while it is aspiration for non-air-conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.
XXXVIII	The building should have adequate distance between them to allow movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.
XXXIX	Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring should be in place all through the construction phase, so as to avoid disturbance to the surroundings.
XL	Under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, legal action shall be initiated against the project proponent if it was found that construction of the project has been started without obtaining environmental clearance.
XLI	Six monthly monitoring reports should be submitted to the Regional office MoEF, Bhopal with copy to this department and MPCB.
XLII	Project proponent shall ensure completion of STP, MSW disposal facility, green belt development prior to occupation of the buildings. As agreed during the SEIAA meeting, PP to explore possibility of utilizing excess treated water in the adjacent area for gardening before discharging it into sewer line No physical occupation or allotment will be given unless all above said environmental infrastructure is installed and made functional including water requirement in Para 2. Prior certification from appropriate authority shall be obtained.
XLIII	Wet garbage should be treated by Organic Waste Converter and treated waste (manure) should be utilized in the existing premises for gardening. And, no wet garbage will be disposed outside the premises. Local authority should ensure this.
XLIV	Local body should ensure that no occupation certification is issued prior to operation of STP/MSW site etc. with due permission of MPCB.
XLV	A complete set of all the documents submitted to Department should be forwarded to the Local authority and MPCB.
XLVI	In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by this Department.
XLVII	A separate environment management cell with qualified staff shall be set up for implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards.
XLVIII	Separate funds shall be allocated for implementation of environmental protection measures/EMP along with item-wise breaks-up. These cost shall be included as part of the project cost. The funds earmarked for the environment protection measures shall not be diverted for other purposes and year-wise expenditure should reported to the MPCB & this department.
XLIX	The project management shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated in the region around the project, one of which shall be in the Marathi language of the local concerned within seven days of issue of this letter, informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and copies of clearance letter are available with the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board and may also be seen at Website at http://ec.maharashtra.gov.in.
L	Project management should submit half yearly compliance reports in respect of the stipulated prior environment clearance terms and conditions in hard & soft copies to the MPCB & this department, on 1st June & 1st December of each calendar year.
LI	A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by proponent to the concerned Municipal Corporation and the local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the Company by the proponent.

LII	The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM. SO2, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sector parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.
LIII	The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB.
LIV	The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF by e-mail.

4. The environmental clearance is being issued without prejudice to the action initiated under EP Act or any court case pending in the court of law and it does not mean that project proponent has not violated any environmental laws in the past and whatever decision under EP Act or of the Hon'ble court will be binding on the project proponent. Hence this clearance does not give immunity to the project proponent in the case filed against him, if any or action initiated under EP Act.

5. In case of submission of false document and non-compliance of stipulated conditions, Authority/ Environment Department will revoke or suspend the Environment clearance without any intimation and initiate appropriate legal action under Environmental Protection Act, 1986.

6. The Environment department reserves the right to add any stringent condition or to revoke the clearance if conditions stipulated are not implemented to the satisfaction of the department or for that matter, for any other administrative reason.

7. Validity of Environment Clearance: The environmental clearance accorded shall be valid as per EIA Notification, 2006, and amendments by MoEF&CC Notification dated 29th April, 2015.

8. In case of any deviation or alteration in the project proposed from those submitted to this department for clearance, a fresh reference should be made to the department to assess the adequacy of the condition(s) imposed and to incorporate additional environmental protection measures required, if any.

9. The above stipulations would be enforced among others under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and rules there under, Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules, 1989 and its amendments, the public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 and its amendments.

10. Any appeal against this Environment clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal (Western Zone Bench, Pune),New Administrative Building, 1stFloor, D-, Wing, Opposite Council Hall, Pune, if preferred, within 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

Shri. Anil Diggikar (Member Secretary SEIAA)

Copy to:

1. SECRETARY MOEF & CC

2. IA- DIVISION MOEF & CC

3. MEMBER SECRETARY MAHARASHTRA POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD MUMBAI

4. REGIONAL OFFICE MOEF & CC NAGPUR

5. MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER PUNE

6. MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER SATARA

7. REGIONAL OFFICE MPCB PUNE

8. REGIONAL OFFICE MIDC PUNE

9. MAHARASHTRA STATE ELECTRICITY DISTRIBUTION CO. LTD

10. COLLECTOR OFFICE PUNE

11. COLLECTOR OFFICE SATARA

12. COLLECTOR OFFICE SOLAPUR